

Mrs. Blake Drops Million-Dollar Suit Against Mrs. Mackay

SOLDIERS GUARD BELISS, ACQUITTED OF RITUAL MURDER

Snow Service probable to-night; Tuesday fair; colder.

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The

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WILSON TELLS BRITAIN HIS STAND ON HUERTA; SAYS DICTATOR MUST GO

Sends Cable Outlining Policy
and Page Delivers Another
Message.

WILL NOT BE MOVED.

Neither Mexican President Nor
Any of His Acts Will
Be Recognized.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Late this afternoon a telegram was received at the British Foreign Office from Washington giving an outline of the policy expected to be followed by the United States in the event of the continuance of Provisional President Huerta's present attitude. Complete reticence was observed by the officials of the Foreign Office in regard to the contents of the despatch.

Walter H. Page, United States Ambassador, to-day presented the Foreign Office a verbal message from President Wilson, the general effect of which is that under no circumstances will the President recognize President Huerta or any of his acts.

British officials are inclined to resist what they term the persistent misrepresentation of Great Britain's attitude current in the United States. They deny that any British money has been advanced to the support of Huerta.

ON BIDES TIME PENDING
RD FROM HUERTA.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—President Huerta of Mexico has not defied the United States. Neither has President Wilson closed the door on the existing government there and opened it to the Carranza insurgents. This was made very plain at the Executive offices to-day.

So far as this government is concerned there has been no new policy regarding Mexico determined on. The gravity of the existing situation is recognized, but there is still a faint hope that the diplomatic pressure being brought to bear on Huerta will cause a reconsideration of his defiant attitude.

At his regular weekly conference with the newspaper men it was made very clear by President Wilson that he is preparing no message to Congress suggesting the recognition of the belligerent rights of the insurgents now in the field in Northern Mexico and Special Envoy Lind, now in Mexico City, has made no final recommendation to the Administration.

Until that comes the Administration is compelled to mark time. The President has no present intention of taking up Mexico with Congress. Such action may be deferred at least a week. And he is faintly hopeful that events in Mexico will so shape themselves that it may not be necessary to discuss it at all.

One thing in the entire situation, in the opinion of the Administration, that causes hope is that, although the despatches from Mexico City have indicated that Huerta has defied the United States, neither Charge O'Shaughnessy nor Envoy Lind make any such statements. This is believed by the President to indicate that Huerta may be making certain statements for publication and others to the American representatives which indicate that his attitude is much different from the viewpoint attributed to him in the newspapers.

The President told callers to-day that his task of clearing up the Mexican situation without recourse to armed forces of the United States has been greatly complicated by wild reports published in the United States and telegraphed to Mexico City. He declared that the situation was bad enough as it is without being added to by stories of mobilization of troops and the ordering into the field of the National Guard of the country.

LIND'S CIPHER MESSAGE TELLS
SITUATION.

It was admitted to-day that definite representations were made by Lind to Huerta. No reply has yet been made. In the long cipher message received from Lind last night he explained everything that has transpired in Mexico.

NEW COLLECTOR
OF CUSTOMS AT
PORT OF NEW YORK.



DUDLEY F. MALONE

DUDLEY F. MALONE NAMED BY WILSON PORT COLLECTOR

Nomination of Son-in-Law of
Senator O'Gorman for Mitchell's Job Goes to Senate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The nomination of Dudley Field Malone to be Collector of Customs at New York was sent to the Senate today.

Mr. Malone is now Third Assistant Secretary of State and fought the Tammany ticket in the last campaign. He is a son of Senator O'Gorman.

The resignation of Joan Purroy Mitchell as Collector was formally accepted by the President.

Mr. Malone has been active in politics for several years, and up to a couple of years ago was more or less allied with the Tammany organization, being considered one of the wiswam's most active young orators.

When the movement to make Woodrow Wilson President of the United States was started young Mr. Malone, who had long been a friend of the Wilson family, enlisted himself in the work. He was at that time associated with the Corporation Counsel's office.

\$1,000,000 SUIT BROUGHT AGAINST MRS. MACKAY ENDS

Mrs. Catherine Blake, Who In-
stituted the Action, Settles
It Out of Court.

FOR NO CONSIDERATION.

Counsel for Cable Owner's
Wife Gives No Reason
for Settlement.

Arthur Train, attorney for Mrs. Catherine H. Mackay, announced to-day that the \$1,000,000 alienation of affections suit filed by Mrs. Catherine K. Blake against the millionaire cable owner's wife had been discontinued.

The attorney made the statement to newspapermen in his office. He said that Mrs. Mackay had not paid a cent in effecting the discontinuance of the action and that as far as he knew no financial consideration was sought by the other side.

The suit was brought little less than a year ago by the service of a summons upon Mrs. Mackay in her temporary home in Portland, Me. The complaint charged Mrs. Mackay with having won the affections of Dr. Joseph A. Blake, the famous surgeon. There is still pending in the Supreme Court suit for a separation brought by Mrs. Blake against her husband, growing out of his alleged abandonment of her. A motion for \$1,500 a month alimony is now pending in Supreme Court Justice Seabury's part and will come up for argument next Wednesday.

GOT HER OLD JOB BACK AND THEN SHE JUMPED TO DEATH

Sixty-Two-Year-Old Woman
Leaped From Window of
Loft Building.

When Mrs. Alice McDonald folded up her apron six weeks ago and took leave of her fellow employees in Morris Bros' suspender factory on the sixth floor of the loft building at No. 573 Broadway, which runs through to No. 14 Mercer street, she announced that she was through for good with work.

She was sixty-two years old and for thirty of those years had run a machine in the suspender factory. Now she had enough money to keep her in comfort at No. 203 Cornelia street, in the Astoria section of Long Island City, where she lived with her niece, Miss Margaret Smith, who worked for Morris Bros. also.

Her niece tried to dissuade the old lady, but about 10 o'clock this morning, some time after Miss Smith had been at work, there was a hail from those nearest the door and then every one of the one hundred and fifty men and girls jumped up from their machines and rushed to the door to see what was going on.

"Here's Mrs. McDonald," they cried. "What are you doing back here?" "I've come back to stay. I'm going to work just like I always did. I haven't been happy since I left."

So she went into the clock room, which fronts on the Mercer street side of the building, and the other workers returned to their machines. They were awaiting the old lady's return when the freight elevator boy ran in. He was pale and excited and without thinking of the effect of his words he blurted out:

"Old Mrs. McDonald's dead. She jumped or fell out the window and she hit right in a lot of packing cases in the street. They're taking her body away now."

Instantly there was a panic in the room. It's a while the instant before had seemed a lot of packing cases in the street. They're taking her body away now."

First Photograph of the Young Woman Who Is to Be the Bride of Vincent Astor

POSED TO-DAY—ONLY PICTURE TAKEN OF HER IN SEVEN YEARS.



MISS HELEN DINSMORE HUNTINGTON.

See the Story of the Romance on Page 3.

DOG WITH RABIES ATTACKS MOTHER AND HER DAUGHTER

Mrs. Carroll, the Young Woman,
and an Employee Bitten
by Kennel Pet.

Mrs. Kieran F. Carroll, of No. 25 Baring avenue, Flushing, Miss Sarah Bloomfield, her daughter by a previous marriage, and H. F. Baxter, an employee, were brought to Manhattan to-day for treatment at the Pasteur Institute, because of the attack on them last night by a mad dog in the Carroll stable.

Mrs. Carroll has extensive kennels connected with the stable. A stray mongrel, which was infected with rabies and among her dogs three weeks ago. He was lost. It was not believed he had bitten any of the other dogs, but last night a Mexican hairless terrier began frothing at the mouth and sprang at Baxter, tearing his right leg and arm.

His shouts were heard by Mrs. Carroll and she and Miss Bloomfield went to his aid. They beat the dog away with sticks. He fastened his teeth in Mrs. Carroll's right hand and scraped the skin from Miss Bloomfield's right thumb.

The terrier was penned in a box stall in the stable. Dr. Traubert of the Flushing Board of Health was summoned.

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He destroyed the dog, saying that it undoubtedly had rabies. The injured persons had preliminary treatment at the Flushing Hospital. Mrs. Carroll's husband is connected with the firm of Van, Voor & Carroll and she is an accomplished horsewoman.

There have been a number of cases of rabies in Flushing since last summer, resulting in at least one death. There is talk of a mass meeting to call for amendment of the ordinances regarding dogs.

HAYWOOD IS SET FREE BY HIGH JERSEY COURT IN STRIKE RIOT CASE

Verdicts Against Carlo Tresca
and Adolph Lessig Are
Also Set Aside.

TRIDENT, N. J., Nov. 10.—Justice Bergen in the Supreme Court to-day set aside the convictions of William D. Haywood, Carlo Tresca and Adolph Lessig, agitators of the Industrial Workers of the World, whose actions during the recent Paterson silk mill strike were said to have incited the strikers to riot.

They were convicted by the Passaic County Court and sentenced to six months imprisonment in the Passaic County Jail on an indictment charging them with being disorderly persons.

Justice Bergen held that the mere fact that a person walking along a public street in a peaceable and quiet manner, followed by a crowd, is not sufficient to justify his conviction of being a disorderly person upon the charge that he obstructed and interfered with other persons lawfully upon the streets.

In other cases growing out of the silk strike Elizabeth Garley Flynn, Adolph Lessig and Patrick Quinlan were indicted for "preaching anarchy." Against Carlo Tresca the double indictment was found of "breaching anarchy and inciting to riot." Fred Koestgen, proprietor of Helvetia Hall in Paterson, where inflammatory speeches were made, was indicted for keeping a disorderly resort.

BELISS NOT GUILTY OF RITUAL MURDER, GUARDED IN HIS HOME

Jury Quickly Declares Innocence of
Jew Tried for Murder of Christian
Boy Alleged Victim of
Blood Sacrifice.

RIOTING FEARED BY MOB
TROOPS PATROL STREETS

"Black Hundred" Who Clamored for
Conviction of Prisoner Crowd Kieff
With Threats of Massacre.

KIEFF, Russia, Nov. 10.—Mendel Beiliss, the Jew, was acquitted by the jury to-day on the charge of murdering the Christian boy, Andrew Yushinsky, in March, 1911. The verdict freeing the prisoner of the charge of ritual murder came quickly, the jurors being out but a few hours when they reached their conclusion.

Intense excitement followed the announcement of the verdict and troops were ordered on guard through the city to halt any attempt at massacre or anti-Jewish riots freely threatened by the Black Hundred should Beiliss be set free.

Beiliss, who has been a physical wreck for some days, was overcome and hardly able to express his joy at escaping the death sentence that the majority of the Kieff people believed inevitable.

Throats swarmed about the court house, but lines of soldiers formed a solid wall against the entrance of anybody not directly concerned in the case. News of the verdict, however, soon reached the crowds and hundreds, some cheering, others denouncing the findings of the jurors, ran through the streets telling the result of the sensational trial that has been watched for weeks by people all over the world.

SOLDIERS ESCORT BELISS TO HIS HOME.

Beiliss almost collapsed after the Court let him free, thus ending his three years of imprisonment. Weeping and supported by his counsel on either side, he was escorted by soldiers to his home, where his anxious wife and little ones were waiting to welcome him.

A mob followed the soldiers and Beiliss and congregated before his home, but the authorities promised the liberated man every protection.

It was believed that Beiliss, accompanied by M. Grossenberg, his chief counsel, would lose no time in starting for America.

The Society of the Double Headed Eagle held a memorial service in St. Sophia Cathedral for the dead boy, "who was brutally tortured to death by Jews with the ritual object," as the announcement put it.

The Cathedral stands within a hundred yards of the court where the verdict was delivered, to the great joy of the Jewish population and to the satisfaction of enlightened Russians. Prayers were asked for the "soul of the martyr that he may forgive and be included in the communion of saints."

Many Jews, fearing conviction, had remained all last night and part of to-day in the synagogues praying for the acquittal of Beiliss. There was a general fear among them of a pogrom.

TRIAL ATTRACTED ATTENTION OF ENTIRE WORLD.

The hearing of the "ritual murder" or "blood accusation" case against Mendel Beiliss, charged with the murder of a twelve-year-old boy, Andrew Yushinsky, to which the attention of the whole world has been directed, was begun the middle of last October before the High Court of Kieff. The charge was that the murder had been committed for the purposes of extreme ritualistic practice and from the outset it was believed that the defense would succeed in bringing to light the arbitrary methods of the Russian secret police system.

It was on March 12, 1911, that the half-baked body of the Yushinsky boy was found in a field near a brickyard owned by a Jew of the name of Zaitseff, for whom, by the way, Beiliss worked as assistant clerk. The boy's body was discovered in a sitting posture, the hands tied behind the back, the head bowed on the breast. There were, according to the prosecutor, wounds upon it of a remarkable character. The murder itself had apparently been done with a slender stick, but there were wounds under the eyelids, inside the upper lip, under the fingernails and through the skull, heart, liver and kidneys.